# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**United States** 



## Somos® WaterShed Black

# **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier : Somos® WaterShed Black

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Material uses : Stereolithography resins for the creation of three-dimensional models and prototypes directly

from digital data.

Supplier : DSM Desotech Inc.

1122 St Charles Street Elgin IL 60120 Tel: +1 (847) 697-0400

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: DSMRESINS.SDS@dsm.com

(Communication in English only please)

Emergency telephone

number

DSM Desotech Inc.: +1 (847) 697-0401 (During normal business hours)
CHEMTREC (within the USA): (800)

424-9300 (24 hour)

CHEMTREC (International): +1 (703)

527-3887 [USA] (24 hour)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29

CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the : EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A substance or mixture : SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Precautionary statements** 

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves: < 1 hour (breakthrough time): (0.12 mm) Nitrile gloves..

Wear eye or face protection. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P272 (OSHA) - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response : P302 + P352 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage : Not applicable

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

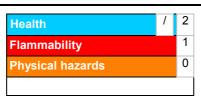
classified

: None known.

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HMIS® IV Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The PPE (Personal Protection Equipment) designation in the HMIS is provided for use by employees at supplier sites only. Other users of this product are encouraged to evaluate the hazards of the product and assign PPE that is applicable to their specific situations.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification : Not available.

CAS number : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Monomer	50 - 100	-
Monomer	10 - 25	-
Multifunctional Acrylate	5 - 10	-
Additive	1 - 5	-
antimony compounds	1 - 5	-
antimony compounds	1 - 5	-
Multifunctional Acrylate	0.1-1	-
Multifunctional Acrylate	0.1-1	-
Copper Compound	<0.1	-

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

Description	of	necessary	/ first	aid	measures
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Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration

or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact**: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue

to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly

before reuse.

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Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities

have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be Protection of first-aiders

> dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides (dense) black smoke

aldehydes organic acids

halogenated compounds

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Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment : for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 15 to 30°C (59 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Store in original container, protected from direct sunlight.

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**Remarks** : Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

antimony compounds

#### Occupational exposure limits

Monomer None.

Monomer None.

Multifunctional Acrylate None.

Additive None.

antimony compounds ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).

TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.

Multifunctional Acrylate None.

Multifunctional Acrylate AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2018).

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Copper Compound ACGIH TLV (United States).

TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (Copper - Fume (as Cu))

OSHA PEL (United States).

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (Copper - Fume (as Cu))

Appropriate engineering

controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne

contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

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Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the

time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection

time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. < 1 hour (breakthrough time): (0.12 mm)

Nitrile gloves.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling

this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Remarks : Wear nitrile or other chemical resistant gloves to avoid skin contact when handling partially

cured fabricated objects in the "green" state of cure (after initial laser cure). The fabricated objects may be handled without gloves after the object has been thoroughly washed with solvent (e.g. tripropylene glycol monomethyl ether, isopropyl alcohol) followed by exposure to UV light and/or an oven bake at temperatures above 130°C. When sanding fully cured surfaces, suitable respiratory protection for dust should be used. Good general ventilation is required when tooling or sanding to avoid inhalation of particulate matter or airborne particles. Avoid sanding or finishing parts that are not fully cured, as uncured material may

cause skin sensitisation or respiratory irritation.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Black.
Odor : typical
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.

Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: >212°F (>100°C) [(estimate)]

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density : Not available. Relative density : 1.13 (Water = 1) Density (g/cm³) : 1.13 g/cm³ (23°C) **Bulk density** : Not available. Solubility Not available. Solubility in water : Not available. Solubility at room : Not available.

temperature

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

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Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): 150 to 675 mPa·s (150 to 675 cP)

Kinematic (room temperature): >1.33 cm²/s (>133 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: No specific data.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Monomer	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	2000 mg/kg	-
Monomer	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	>2000 mg/kg (	-
		Female	LD0 = 2000 mg/	
			kg)	
Additive	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	>2000 mg/kg	-
		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	>5000 mg/kg	-
		Female		
antimony compounds	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
antimony compounds	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Multifunctional Acrylate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg (	-
			LD0 = 2000 mg/	
			kg)	
Multifunctional Acrylate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>0.55 mg/l	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5170 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3680 mg/kg	-
Copper Compound	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Monomer	Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII)	Rabbit	0.8	4 hours 0.5 ml	72 hours
	Eyes - Non-irritating	Rabbit	1	1 hours 0.1 ml	72 hours
Monomer	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	1	4 hours 0.5 ml	24 to 72 hours
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0	4 hours 0.5 ml	24 to 72 hours
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	1	0.1 ml	24 to 72 days
	Eyes - Iris lesion	Rabbit	0	0.1 ml	24 to 72 days
	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	3	0.1 ml	24 to 72 hours
	Eyes - Edema of the	Rabbit	3	0.1 ml	24 to 72 hours

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	conjunctivae		1	1	
Multifunctional Acrylate	Skin - Moderate irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
_		species			
		unspecified			
	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
		species			
		unspecified			
	Respiratory - Irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
		species			
		unspecified			
Additive	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Non-irritating	Rabbit	0	-	-
antimony compounds	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0.8	4 hours 0.5 g	24 to 72 hours
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0	4 hours 0.5 g	24 to 72 hours
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	0	0.1 ml	24 to 72 hours
	Eyes - Iris lesion	Rabbit	0	0.1 ml	24 to 72 hours
	Eyes - Redness of the	Rabbit	1.43	0.1 ml	24 to 72 hours
	conjunctivae				
	Eyes - Redness of the	Rabbit	0.7	0.1 ml	24 to 72 hours
	conjunctivae				
antimony compounds	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0.8	4 hours 0.5 g	4 hours
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0	4 hours 0.5 g	4 hours
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	0	0.1 ml	24 to 72 hours
	Eyes - Iris lesion	Rabbit	0	0.1 ml	24 to 72 hours
	Eyes - Redness of the	Rabbit	1.43	0.1 ml	24 to 72 hours
	conjunctivae				
	Eyes - Edema of the	Rabbit	0.7	0.1 ml	24 to 72 hours
	conjunctivae				
Multifunctional Acrylate	Skin - Non-irritating	Rabbit	0	-	-
_	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Multifunctional Acrylate	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	>2	-	-
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	>1	-	-

# **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Monomer	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
Monomer	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Multifunctional Acrylate	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing
antimony compounds	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
antimony compounds	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
Multifunctional Acrylate	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
Multifunctional Acrylate	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
Copper Compound	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
	skin	Mouse	Not sensitizing

# **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Monomer	-	Experiment: In vitro	Positive
		Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	-	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
		Subject: Bacteria	
Monomer	OECD 471 Bacterial	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Reverse Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria	
		Metabolic activation: Without & with	
	OECD 476 In vitro	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Mammalian Cell Gene	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Mutation Test	Cell: Somatic	
		Metabolic activation: Without & with	
Additive	OECD 471 Bacterial	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Reverse Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria	
		Metabolic activation: Without & with	
	OECD 482 Genetic	Experiment: In vitro	Negative

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	Toxicology: DNA Damage and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian Cells in vitro	Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic Metabolic activation: Without & with	
	OECD 482 Genetic Toxicology: DNA Damage and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian Cells <i>in vitro</i>	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
Multifunctional Acrylate	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
	OECD 474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic	Negative
	OECD 476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Equivocal
Multifunctional Acrylate	OECD 473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Human	Positive
	OECD 474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
Copper Compound	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Positive
	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

## Carcinogenicity

Not available.

# Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Multifunctional Acrylate	-	2B	-

### Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Additive	-	Negative	-	Mouse - Male, Female	Oral: 10100 mg/ kg /day	-
	-	Negative	-	Mouse - Male, Female	Oral: 10100 mg/ kg /day	-
Multifunctional Acrylate	-	-	Negative	Rat	Oral: 1000 mg/kg / day (	-
Copper Compound	-	-	-	Rat	NOAEL ) Oral: 1000 mg/kg F1	-

# **Teratogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Copper Compound	Negative - Oral	Rat	-	-

# Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Multifunctional Acrylate	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Monomer	Sub-acute NOEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1000 mg/kg day	-
Additive	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg /day	90 days; 5 days per week
	Sub-chronic NOAEC Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	1000 mg/m³	93 days; 6 hours per day 5 days per week
Multifunctional Acrylate	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal Chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rat Rat	300 mg/kg 12 mg/kg	28 days -
Copper Compound	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral Sub-acute NOEL Oral Sub-acute NOAEL Oral Sub-acute LOAEL Oral	Rat Rat Rat Rat	4500 mg/kg 40 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg 1000 mg/kg	- - -

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

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Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Somos® WaterShed Black	3115.8	3855.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Monomer	2000	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Additive	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Multifunctional Acrylate	3680	5170	N/A	N/A	N/A
Copper Compound	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

## **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Monomer	EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 18.3 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11.5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Monomer	Acute EC50 6420 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 6910 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
Additive	Acute EC50 >900 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
antimony compounds	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.68 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 12.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
antimony compounds	Acute EC50 0.68 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.044 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 12.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
Multifunctional Acrylate	Acute EC50 18.8 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
•	Acute LC50 19.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.87 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
Copper Compound	EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	EC50 153.6 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 46 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	NOEC ≥1 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
	NOEC 22 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

## Persistence and degradability



Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Monomer	-	0.1 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
Monomer	OECD 302B	<1 % - 28 days	-	-
	Inherent Biodegradability:			
	Zahn-Wellens/			
	EMPA Test			
	OECD 301B	<1 % - 28 days	-	-
	Ready			
	Biodegradability -			
	CO <sub>2</sub> Evolution Test			
Additive	OECD 301B	69.3 % - Readily - 9 days	_	Activated sludge
	Ready			i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
	Biodegradability -			
	CO <sub>2</sub> Evolution			
NA JAMES OF THE STATE OF THE ST	Test	00 to 00 0/ Doodle 00 door		
Multifunctional Acrylate	OECD 301B Ready	82 to 90 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	Biodegradability -			
	CO <sub>2</sub> Evolution			
	Test			
Copper Compound	-	0 % - 14 days	-	-
	-	0 % - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Monomer	-	-	Not readily
Monomer	-	-	Not readily
Additive	-	-	Readily
antimony compounds	-	-	Not readily
antimony compounds	-	-	Not readily
Multifunctional Acrylate	-	-	Readily
Copper Compound	-	-	Not readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Monomer	0.6	-	low
Additive	-0.48	-	low
antimony compounds	≥2.61	-	low
antimony compounds	≥2.61	-	low
Multifunctional Acrylate	4.35	-	high
Copper Compound	6.6	-	high

## **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

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Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	-	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sulfonium, diphenyl[4- (phenylthio)phenyl]- , (OC-6-11)- hexafluoroantimonate (1-) (1:1), Sulfonium, (thiodi- 4,1-phenylene)bis [diphenyl-, (OC- 6-11)- hexafluoroantimonate (1-) (1:2))	[4-(phenylthio) phenyl]-, (OC-6-11)- hexafluoroantimonate (1-) (1:1), Sulfonium, (thiodi- 4,1-phenylene)bis [diphenyl-, (OC-	Sulfonium, (thiodi- 4,1-phenylene)bis [diphenyl-, (OC- 6-11)- hexafluoroantimonate	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n. o.s. (Sulfonium, diphenyl[4- (phenylthio)phenyl]-, (OC-6-11)- hexafluoroantimonate (1-) (1:1), Sulfonium, (thiodi-4,1-phenylene)bis [diphenyl-, (OC-6-11)- hexafluoroantimonate (1-) (1:2))
Transport hazard class(es)	-	9	9	9	9
Packing group	-	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

## **Additional information**

**TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported

by road or rail.

**Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index** 5

Special provisions 16, 99

Mexico Classification : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes

of  $\leq 5$  L or  $\leq 5$  kg.

Special provisions 274, 331, 335

**IMDG** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5

kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to

4.1.1.8.

Emergency schedules F-A, S-F Special provisions 274, 335, 969

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**IATA** 

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and

5.0.2.8.

**Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Cargo Aircraft Only: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Limited Quantities - Passenger

Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y964.

Special provisions A97, A158, A197

Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of

an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

: Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: antimony compounds; antimony compounds; toluene;

Copper Compound; Additive; benzene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: toluene; benzene

	Product/ingredient name	CAS#	%
Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	antimony compounds	89452-37-9	1.2226
Hazardous Air Pollutants	antimony compounds	71449-78-0	1.2226
(HAPs)	toluene	108-88-3	0.0041572 -
,			0.0081165
	acrylic acid	79-10-7	0.0015838
	benzene	71-43-2	0.000017964

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

## **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	antimony compounds antimony compounds		Proprietary Proprietary
Oupplier Houlifeation	antimony compounds antimony compounds		Proprietary Proprietary

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: antimony compounds

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey: The following components are listed: antimony compounds; antimony compoundsPennsylvania: The following components are listed: antimony compounds; antimony compounds

California Prop. 65

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MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Monomer and Benzene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Carbon black, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene and Bisphenol A, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www. P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Monomer	Yes.	-
Carbon black	-	-
Toluene	-	Yes.
Benzene	Yes.	Yes.
Bisphenol A	_	Yes.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		

### **International lists**

Canada inventory : Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

: 12/17/2019

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	Calculation method Calculation method

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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